**UNIT 7 (PRACTICE)**

1. **PRONUNCIATION:**
2. **Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others.**

1. A. worker B. realize C. campaign D. vacation **1. …………**

2. A. rehearse B. period C. repair D. event **2. …………**

3. A. definitely B. realize C. typical D. entertainment **3. …………**

4. A. portable B. holiday C. teenager D. mechanic **4. …………**

5. A. relax B. receive C. summer D. enjoy **5. …………**

6. A. circus B. orchestra C. horrible D. rehearse **6. …………**

7. A. anniversary B. holiday C. atlas D. sporty **7. …………**

8. A. celebrate B. comic C. review D. typical **8. …………**

9. A. teenager B. collection C. machine D. collector **9. …………**

10. A. typical B. really C. period D. volunteer **10. ………..**

1. **Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

1. A. celebrate B. lazy C. vacation D. mechanic **1. …………**

2. A. typical B. quite C. shift D. pig **2. …………**

3. A. public B. summer C. during D. buffalo **3. …………**

4. A. look B. coop C. foot D. book **4. …………**

5. A. mechanic B. chicken C. each D. lunch **5. …………**

6. A. write B. rice C. public D. fine **6. …………**

7. A. date B. start C. half D. class **7. …………**

8. A. cake B. may C. hard D. vacation **8. …………**

9. A. dentist B. few C. get D. test **9. …………**

10. A. year B. teach C. meat D. beach **10. ………..**

**II. MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. The summer vacation \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for almost three months.

A. longs B. lasts C spends D. finishes

2. When there is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_work, he goes to the city.

A. many B. fewer C. less D. least

3. Who's taking\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the family when your mother’s away?

A. part B. day C.care D. time

4. Mr. Tuan has\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_days off than Mr. Jones.

A. many B. less C. fewer D. much

5. Hoa is a\_\_\_\_\_\_ student and she studies hard.

A. keen B lazy C. fast D. nervous

6. Thanh helps children to learn. She is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. doctor B. musician C. teacher D. writer

7. What do you think about our plan? - I find it\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. interested B. interesting C. interest D. to be interesting

8. Sometimes my father works in the morning and sometimes in the afternoon. But he prefers the morning\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. case B. time C. job D. shift

10. When there is less work, he takes a day\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and goes to the city.

 A. on B. in C. off D. out

11. A farmer has\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ real vacations.

A. none B.no C. never D. nothing

12. The crowd at a football match are often\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. excite B. exciting C. excited D. being excited

13. They grow some rice but their main\_\_\_\_\_\_ is vegetables.

A. product B. crop C. plants D. thing

14. Jane is a university student but she has a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ job in a restaurant.

A. full-time B. part-time C. whole time D. all-time

15. What do we have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dinner? I'm really hungry.

A. with B. at C. for D. of

16. How about \_\_\_\_\_me a hand? — Sure, I'd glad to help.

A. give B. to give C. gives D. giving

17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to have lunch with us today?

A. Should you like B. Would you like

C. Will you want D. Have you like

18. Mason drinks \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_coffee than Jacob.

A. more B. much C. many D. the most

19. Kim eats lots of fast food while Lisa eats fruit and vegetables every day. Lisa is\_\_\_ than Kim.

A. healthy B. healthiest C. healthier D. the healthy

20. I think fruit juice is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than soda. You should drink more fruit juice.

A. good B. better C. best D. the best

**III. CAUTION SIGNS – WARNINGS**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1) What does the sign say?D:\hinh anh bien bao\emergency exit.png | A. Dead end. B. No entry.C. Emergency exit. D. Go straight. |
| 2) What does the sign say? D:\hinh anh bien bao\no entry 3.jpg | A. No walking. B. No entry. C. Construction. D. Dead end. |
| 3) What does the sign say?  | A. Slippery road.B. Narrow road.C. No touching.D. Danger. Accidents can be happened. |
| 4) What does the sign say?  | A.There is a danger sign ahead.B. There is a priority intersection.C. End of the priority road.D.Beware of railways ahead. |
| 5) What does the sign say?  | A. No crossing. B. Handicap parking. C. No pedestrian.D. Pedestrian crossing |

**IV. WORD FORMATION**

1.Hoa finds English really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (interest)

2.She will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_be back by nine.(definite)

3. She cooks lunch for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people once a week.(home)

4. Take a look at a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_grade 7 student like Hoa. She is a good student.(typically)

5. They think that students have an easy\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (live).

6. My brother is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ He repairs cars at a garage.(machine)

7. He has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_days off than my mom.(few)

8. Minh is very keen on\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ things. (repair)

9. We need a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to help the homeless children. (volunteer)

10. We usually spend our free time \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_our parents at home.(help)

11. I always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my dog before my meals. (food)

**VIII. TRANSFORMATION**

1. Tim’s father has more vacations than Hoa’s father.

**→ Hoa’s father has**

2. Why don’t we go to the cafeteria?

**→ What about**

3. Mai drinks more milk than her brother.

**→ Mai’s brother drinks**

4. She will have a vacation that lasts for three months.

**→ She will have**

5.The summer vacation lasts three weeks.

**→ It’s**

6. She likes eating fish better than meat.

 →**She prefers**

7. Should we take a rest?

**→How about**

8.That book is less interesting than this book.

 **→** **This book**

9. It takes her one hour to do her homework.

 **→ She spends**

10. Minh has more books than Hoa.

 **→ Hoa**

11. Her Mom has more days off than her Dad.

 **→** **Her Dad**

12. Should we take a rest?

 **→** **What about**

13. My classmate enjoys collecting stamps.

 **→** **My classmate**

14. They have two three-week vacations.

**→They have**

15. Dogs can swim better than cats can.

**→ Cats can**

16. I have fewer textbooks than my elder brother.

**→ My elder brother has**

17. Let's play volleyball.

**→ What about**

18. Miss Nga buys more beef than Miss Trang.

**→ Miss Trang**

19. Mr. Phong produces more rice a year than Mr. Quang.

**→** **Mr. Quang**

20. The race is five hundred meters long.

**→ It is**

21. A comic book has one hundred pages .

**→ It is**

22. The pen costs ten thousand dong.

**→ It is**

23. The road is two miles long.

**→ It is**

24. Mr Lam also has ten days off for his summer vacation.

**→ Mr Lam also has a**

**UNIT 8: PLACES**

1. **VOCABULARY**
2. **ASKING THE WAY**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **New words** | **Type** | **Pronunciation** | **Meaning** |
| 1 | way | N | /weɪ/ | Đường, lối đi |
| 2 | tourist=>tourism | NN | /ˈtʊr.ɪst//ˈtʊə.rɪ.zəm/ | Khách du lịchNgành du lịch |
| 3 | souvenir | N | /ˌsuː.vəˈnɪr/ | Vật lưu niệm |
| 4 | straight ahead | ADV | /streɪt/ /əˈhed/ | Đi thẳng phía trước |
| 5 | show | V | /ʃoʊ/ | Chỉ ra |
| 6 | guess=>have a guess/ make a guess | V- N | /ɡes/ | Đoán - Sự phỏng đoán/ ước chừng |
| 7 | police station | N | /pəˈliːs/ /ˈsteɪ.ʃən/ | Trạm cảnh sát |

1. **AT THE POST OFFICE**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **New words** | **Type** | **Pronunciation** | **Meaning** |
| 1 | mail | N – V | /meɪl/ | Thư điện tử - gửi (thư/ bưu kiện,vv) |
| 2 | envelope | N | /ˈen.və.ləʊp/ | Phong bì |
| 3 | take | V | /teɪk/ | Nhận lấy |
| 4 | altogether | ADV | /ˌɔːl.təˈɡeð.ər/ | Tổng cộng |
| 5 | change | V – N | /tʃeɪndʒ/ | Thay đổi – tiền lẻ |
| 6 | receive | V | /rɪˈsiːv/ | Nhận được |
| 7 | local stamp | N | /ˈloʊ.kəl/ /stæmp/ | Tem trong nước |
| 8 | overseas | ADJ – ADV | /ˌəʊ.vəˈsiːz/ | Nước ngoài – đi, sống ở nước ngoài |
| 9 | regular=>regularly | ADJADV | /ˈreɡ.jə.lər/ | Đều đặnMột cách đều đặn |
| 10 | phone card | N | /foʊn/ /kɑːrd/ | Thẻ điện thoại |
| 11 | cost=>costly | V – NADJ | /kɑːst//ˈkɑːst.li/ | Tốn bao nhiều – giá tiềnRất mắc tiền |

1. **GRAMMAR**

**Modal Verb: COULD**

Cách dùng: Chỉ sự cho phép, thể hiện yêu cầu hoặc khả năng , năng lực trong quá khứ

Công thức:

(+) S + COULD + V BARE + ….

(-) S + COULD NOT + V BARE + ….

(?) COULD + S + V BARE + …?

Ex: It could rain tomorrow.